

HINSDALE COUNTY, COLORADO

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

December 31, 2014

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



October 5, 2015

To the Board of County Commissioners Hinsdale County, Colorado

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hinsdale County, Colorado, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hinsdale County, Colorado, as of December 31, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

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Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note K to the financial statements, the previously issued financial statements have been restated for the correction of a material misstatement in the fund and government-wide financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2014. The material misstatement was corrected in the current year through a prior period adjustment to beginning fund balance in the Sheriff and Road and Bridge funds and beginning net position in the government-wide statements.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 4–9 and 34–36 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Hinsdale County, Colorado's basic financial statements. The combining, and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the proprietary fund budget and actual schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the proprietary fund budget and actual schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the proprietary funds budget and actual schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Local Highway Finance Report has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Board of County Commissioners October 5, 2015 Page 3



Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 5, 2015, on our consideration of Hinsdale County, Colorado's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Hinsdale County, Colorado's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Chadina Stirkinken, Danis : CO. S. C.

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Hinsdale County

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HINSDALE COUNTY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS DECEMBER 31, 2014

This management's discussion and analysis of Hinsdale County financial statements provides an overview of the County's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look the County's financial performance as a whole; it should be read in conjunction with the basic financial statements and notes to enhance the reader's understanding of the County's overall financial performance.

USING THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of four parts—management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, the supplementary information, and the single audit. The basic financial statements include two types of information on the same statement that present different views of the County:

- Government-wide financial statements report information on all of the activities of County and its component units, except for County fiduciary activity.
- Fund financial statements of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, deferred inflows, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses.

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes, charges for services and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on user charges for support.

These two statements report the County's net position and changes in it. The County's net position—the difference of assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows—are one way to measure the County's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the County's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. Other non-financial factors, however, such as changes in the County's property tax base and the condition of the infrastructure, are needed to assess the overall health of the County.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the County's funds, focusing on its most significant funds—not the County as a whole. The County's major governmental funds include the General Fund, the Road and Bridge Fund, and the Sheriff Fund.

Governmental funds – The County's activities are reported in twelve governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending in future periods. The funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash.

The Proprietary Fund is accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting as follows:

- Revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recognized when the liabilities are incurred.
- Current-year contributions, administrative expenses, and premium payments, which are not received or paid until the subsequent year, are accrued.

Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements consist of the Trust and Agency Funds and are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement or results of operations.

THE COUNTY AS A WHOLE

Statement of Net Position

The perspective of the Statement of Net Position is of the County as a whole. Following is a summary of the County's net position for the fiscal years 2013 and 2014.

		2013			2014	
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Governmental Activities	Business- type Activities	Total
Current and Other assets	3,914,753	24,022	3,938,775	4,348,641	55,912	4,404,553
Capital Assets	2,122,509	91,478	2,213,987	1,995,354	80,194	2,075,548
Total Assets	6,037,262	115,500	6,152,762	6,343,995	136,106	6,480,101
Long-Term Liabilites outstanding	30,542	0	30,542	35,084	0	35,084
Other Liabilities	362,690	1,925	364,615	355,333	3,585	358,918
Deferred Inflows: Property Taxes	1,043,885	0	1,043,885	1,105,052	0	1,105,052
Total Liabilities	1,437,117	1,925	1,439,042	1,495,469	3,585	1,499,054
Net Position:						
Net investment in Capital Assets	2,122,509	91,478	2,213,987	1,995,354	80,194	2,075,548
Restricted for TABOR	113,174	0	113,174	113,174	0	113,174
Unrestricted	2,364,462	22,097	2,386,559	2,739,998	52,327	2792,325
Total Net Position	4,600,145	113,575	4,713,720	4,848,526	132,521	4,981,047

The County shows a positive balance in net position. The most significant items on the statement of net position are an increase in Total Assets with an increase in Current Assets and a decrease in Capital Assets. Capital Assets are described in more depth in NOTE E.

Statement of Activities

The perspective of the Statement of Activities is of the County as a whole. The Statement of Activities reflects the cost of program services and the charges for services and sales, grants and contributions offsetting those services. The following detail reflects the total cost of services supported by program revenues, sales taxes, and general property taxes, as well as other general revenues, resulting in the overall change in net position for the fiscal years 2013 and 2014.

		2013			2014	
REVENUES:	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services	452,233	135,075	587,308	525,303	140,110	665,413
Grants & Contributions	1,450,793	0	1,450,793	1,305,762	0	1,305,762
General Revenues:						
Taxes	2,331,954	0	2,331,954	2,422,310	0	2,422,310
Interest & Other Revenue	24,763	0	24,763	39,248	0	39,248
Total Revenues	4,259,743	135,075	4,394,818	4,292,632	140,110	4,432,733
EXPENSES:						
General Government	2,179,872	0	2,179,872	1,823,153	0	1,823,153
Public Safety	452,123	0	452,123	471,816	0	471,816
Health & Welfare	366,324	0	366,324	422,631	0	422,631
Highways & Streets	1,187,018	0	1,187,018	1,177,576	0	1,177,576
Culture & Recreation	81,810	0	81,810	208,466	0	208,466
Transfer Station/Recreation	0	143,641	143,641	0	121,164	121,164
Interest Expense	3,216	0	3,216	0	0	0
Total Expenses	4,270,363	143,641	4,414,004	4,103,642	121,164	4,224,806
Increase (Decrease) in net position:	(10,620)	(8,566)	(19,186)	188,981	18,946	207,927
Net Position January 1	4,549,177	122,141	4,671,318	4,600,145	113,575	4,713,720
Prior Period Adj	61,588	0	61,588	59,400	0	59,400
Net Position January 1 restated	4,610,765	122,141	4,732,906	4,659,545	113,575	4,773,120
Net Position December 31	4,600,145	113,575	4,713,720	4,848,526	132,521	4,981,047

The County's primary sources of revenue are from taxes and grants. These revenues are used to pay the cost of the general government and capital asset improvements.

The County operated at increases in net position for governmental activities in 2013 and 2014 due to, in part, a prior period adjustment. Without the prior period adjustment the total change in Net Position still increased. Road and Bridge is raising rates charged for work for other governments in 2015.

The County operated at an increase in net position for business-type activities in 2014 due to in part to a increased revenues in the Transfer Station fund. The Recreation fund also increased in net position due to increased activity.

The Transfer Station is raising rates again in 2015 to allow for a change in the calculation of fees at the Landfill in Gunnison.

The County's Major Funds

The County's procedures in establishing budgetary data reflected in the financial statements are summarized in Note B of the financial statements. An amended budget was adopted by the County during the fiscal year 2014.

The County generated a 5% increase in fund balances in the total major and non-major governmental funds and proprietary funds during 2014. The total fund balances for these funds increased by \$384,062 over the budgeted expectation. This was due mainly to excess of Revenues over expenses in the General Fund. It is to be noted that when we budget, the Fund Balance amounts do not include inventory and Assets as part of the Fund Balance.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

General Fund Resources (Inflows)

The County's final revenues in the amount of \$2,399,129 were less than budget expectations of \$2,854,857 by \$455,728 due in most part to anticipated revenues from the RWEACT grant being budgeted and not expended for reimbursement. Severance Tax of \$58,426 was not budgeted as we do not know if we will get this from year to year.

General Fund Charges to Appropriations (Outflows)

The County's final expenditures of \$1,709,807 were less than the final appropriated balance of \$2,296,848 by \$587,042 mostly due to the budgeted RWEACT expenditures that did not occur.

Road & Bridge Fund Budgetary Highlights

Road & Bridge Fund Resources (Inflows)

The County's final revenues in the amount of \$1,103,244 were more than budget expectations of \$1,079,961 by \$23,283 due mostly to an increase of \$20,091 HUTF funds received over the budgeted amount.

Road & Bridge Fund Charges to Appropriations (Outflows)

The County's final expenditures of \$1,110,183 were less than budget expectation of \$1,176,787 by \$66,604 and can be attributed to a light winter which decreased the expenditures for snow removal of \$24,296 and work for other governments of \$15,529. There is also a prior period entry of \$31,267.

Sheriff Fund Budgetary Highlights

Sheriff Fund Resources (Inflows)

The County's final revenues in the amount of \$125,598 were less than the budget expectations of \$155,097 by \$29,499 due to Federal JAG grant that could be expended up to \$50,000. Only \$12,462 was requested for reimbursement in 2014.

Sheriff Fund Charges to Appropriations (Outflows)

The County's final expenditures of \$456,642 were less than the budget expectations of \$516,592 by \$59,950 due to again the federal grants not being expended and a combination of all operating expenses.

Public Health Budgetary Highlights

Public Health Fund Resources (Inflows)

The County's final revenues in the amount of \$164,288 were more than the budget expectations of \$162,233 by \$2,055 and can be considered to be within budgeted amounts.

Public Health Fund Charges to Appropriations (Outflows)

The County's final expenditures of \$212,170 were less than the budget expectations of \$225,141 by \$12,971 due to the Administrative functions underspent by \$7,171 and the Grants being underspent by \$5,914 for a total of \$13,085.

Emergency Services Budgetary Highlights

Emergency Services Fund Resources (Inflows)

The County's final revenues in the amount of \$165,443 were more than the budget expectations of \$134,276 by \$31,377 due to a bad debt and contractual allowance adjustment.

Emergency Services Fund Charges to Appropriations (Outflows)

The County's final expenditures of \$169,163 were less than the budget expectations of \$170,746 by \$1,583 and can be considered within budgetary limits.

CAPITAL ASSETS

At the end of 2014, the County had a total \$1,995,354 invested in capital assets of governmental activities. The amount of capital assets for business-type activities totalled \$80,194 after accumulated depreciation. See Note E Capital Assets.

LONG-TERM DEBT

The balance of Long-Term Debt at the end of 2014 is \$73,316 in Compensated balances. \$38,232 is due within one year.

CONTACTING THE COUNTY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our residents, customers, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances and to show the County's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions regarding this report or need additional financial information, please contact:

HINSDALE COUNTY Attn: Paula Davis, County Administrator PO Box 277 Lake City CO 81235

PH: 970-944-2225 FAX: 970-644-2630

e-mail: hcadministrator@centurytel.net

Statement of Net Position

December 31, 2014

		Primary (Governm	ent	
	Go	vernmental	Bu	sines-Type	
		Activities	1	Activities	Total
Assets					
Current Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,534,795	\$	47,519	\$ 2,582,314
Accounts receivable		387,810		-	387,810
Intergovernmental receivable		19,546		-	19,546
Property taxes receivable		1,105,052		4,558	1,109,610
Prepaid expenses		124,551		3,835	128,386
Inventories		176,887		-	176,887
Total current assets		4,348,641		55,912	4,404,553
Noncurrent Assets					
Capital assets:					
Land		857,400		6,327	863,727
Buildings		1,955,124		-	1,955,124
Machinery and equipment		2,362,164		261,280	2,623,444
Vehicles		692,175		-	692,175
Less acumulated depreciation		(3,871,509)		(187,413)	(4,058,922)
Total noncurrent assets		1,995,354		80,194	 2,075,548
Total Assets		6,343,995		136,106	6,480,101
Liabilities					
Current Liabilities					
Accounts payable		191,096		-	191,096
Accrued liabilities		293		_	293
Deposits payable		-		3,585	3,585
Unearned grant revenue		125,712		-	125,712
Compensated absences		38,232		_	38,232
Total current liabilities		355,333		3,585	358,918
Noncurrent liabilities		,			
Compensated absences		35,084		-	35,084
Total noncurrent liabilities		35,084			 35,084
Total Liabilities		390,417		3,585	 394,002
Deferred inflows					
Property taxes		1,105,052		-	 1,105,052
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets		1,995,354		80,194	2,075,548
Restricted for:				•	, -, 3
TABOR		113,174		-	113,174
Unrestricted		2,739,998		52,327	2,792,325
Total Net Position	\$	4,848,526	\$	132,521	\$ 4,981,047

Hinsdale County, Colorado Statement of Activities For the year ended December 31, 2014

		8			Program Revenues	Revenu	IES					Changes in Net Position Primary Government	Position	n l	
					Charges		Operating		Captial		İ				
Functions/Programs		Exp	Expenses		Ior Services	ర	Grants & Contributions	Ü	Grants & Contributions	G	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Type	•	TOTAI
Primary Government:													3		Olor
General government	6		1 823 153	G	150 575	6	250 101	6	i c	6		•		,	
Public safety	7		471.816	9	92,320	9	53 173	A	532,719	en.	(1,009,832)	6 43	ŧ	69	(1,009,832)
Health and welfare			422,631		81,329		232,269				(326,189)				(326,189)
Highways and streets			1,177,576		152,744		354,503		1		(620,531)				(109,033)
Culture and recreation			208,466		39,250		12,022		1		(157,194)		' '		(157 104)
Total Governmental Activities			4,103,642		525,303		773,043		532,719		(2,272,577)		'		(2.272.577)
Business-Type Activities															
Recreation			17,917		25,450		,		1		,		7 533		7 523
Transfer station			103,247	İ	114,660		1		ı		•	` =	11.413		11413
Total Business-Type Activities	1		121,164		140,110		,				ı	182	18,946		18,946
Total Primary Government	69		4,224,806	€9	665,413	69	773,043	69	532,719		(2,272,577)	18	18,946		(2,253,631)
						Sene	General Revenues								
						Tay	Taxes:								
						9	General property taxes	taxes			1,064,925		,		1.064.925
						S	Specific ownership tax	ip tax			79,641		,		79,641
						S	Sales and use tax				353,394		1		353,394
						X	Highway users tax	X			711,799		1		711,799
						J	Other taxes				212,551		ŧ		212,551
						J	Other revenue				27,779		٠		27,779
						II	Interest on investments	ments			11,469		ı		11,469
						Total	Total General Revenues	nes			2,461,558		,		2,461,558
						O	Change in net position	sition			188,981	18	18,946		207,927

The accompanying footnotes are an integral part of these financial statements.

4,713,720 59,400 4,773,120

113,575

4,600,145 59,400 4,659,545

Beginning net position, restated

Net position, ending

Beginning net position Prior period adjustment

113,575

4,981,047

132,521

4,848,526

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

December 31, 2014

	Road General and Bridge Sheriff Fund Fund Fund			Go	Other vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds				
Assets			_							
Cash and investments	\$	1,583,375	\$	308,886	\$	156,307	\$	486,227	\$	2,534,795
Accounts receivable		249,961		65,755		43,172		28,922		387,810
Intergovernmental receivable		-		-		-		19,546		19,546
Property taxes receivable		1,028,231		21,227		-		55,594		1,105,052
Prepaid expenses		46,717		56,224		12,590		9,020		124,551
Inventory				160,862				16,025		176,887
Total assets		2,908,284		612,954		212,069		615,334		4,348,641
Liabilities										
Accounts payable		132,065		8,121		36,052		14,858		101.006
Accrued liabilities		_		293		-		14,030		191,096 293
Unearned grant revenue				-				125,712		125,712
Total liabilites		132,065		8,414		36,052		140,570		317,101
										317,101
Deferred inflows										
Property taxes		1,028,231		21,227				55,594		1,105,052
Fund balance										
Non-spendable										
Inventory		-		160,862				16,025		176 007
Prepaid expenses		46,717		56,224		12,590		9,020		176,887
Restricted		,		00,221		12,570		9,020		124,551
TABOR emergency reserve		113,174		-		_		_		112 174
Human services		, <u>-</u>				_		57,501		113,174 57,501
Marketing and advertising		174		_		_		60,488		-
Open space						_		10,493		60,662
Retirement		-		_		_		59,916		10,493
Snow grooming		_		_		_		16,900		59,916
Emergency medical services				_		_		10,437		16,900
Public health		-				_				10,437
Public safety		_		_		163,427		115,297		115,297
Public works		_		366,227		103,427		-		163,427
Schools and road				500,227		-		705		366,227
Assigned				•		-		795		795
Capital purchases								(2.200		(2.225
Unassigned		1,587,923		-		-		62,298		62,298
Total fund balance	\$	1,747,988	\$	583,313	\$	176,017	\$	410 170	•	1,587,923
		-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		717,20	<u> </u>	170,017	-D	419,170	\$	2,926,488

Reconciliation of Governmental Fund Balance to The Statement of Net Position

December 31, 2014 Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net position are different because: Total fund balance - governmental funds \$ 2,926,488 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the funds Cost 5,866,863 Accumulated depreciation (3,871,509)1,995,354 Long-term liabilities including leases payable and compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Compensated absences (73,316)Total government wide activities net position 4,848,526

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds

For the year ended December 31, 2014

	General Fund	Road and Bridge Fund	Sheriff Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues					Tunds
Taxes	\$ 1,407,243	\$ 21,399	\$ 1,269	\$ 117,498	\$ 1,547,409
Intergovernmental revenue	756,761	872,924	91,655	397,600	2,118,940
Interest on investments	10,944		_		10,944
Charges for services	83,429	159,162	1,618	106,329	350,538
Reimbursement	-	49,267	18,687	-	67,954
Miscellaneous	140,752	492	12,369	43,226	196,839
Total Revenues	2,399,129	1,103,244	125,598	664,653	4,292,624
Expenditures					
Current expenditures					
General government	1,709,806	_	_	52,369	1,762,175
Public safety	-	-	434,187	32,307	434,187
Health and welfare		-	-	421,381	421,381
Highways and streets	-	1,095,558		421,501	1,095,558
Culture and recreation	-	-	_	208,464	208,464
Capital outlay	-	14,625	22,455	200,104	37,080
Total Expenditures	1,709,806	1,110,183	456,642	682,214	3,958,845
Excess (deficiency) of revenue					
over expenditures	689,323	(6,939)	(331,044)	(17,561)	333,779
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfer in	17,750	_	300,000	110,780	428,530
Transfer out	(410,780)	_	500,000	(17,750)	(428,530)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(393,030)	_	300,000	93,030	(428,330)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
expenditures and other sources (uses)	296,293	(6,939)	(31,044)	75,469	333,779
Fund balance at beginning of year	1,451,695	558,985	198,359	343,701	2,552,740
Prior period adjustment	-	31,267	8,703	545,701	39,970
Fund balance at beginning of year, restated	1,451,695	590,252	207,062	343,701	2,592,710
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 1,747,988	\$ 583,313	\$ 176,018	\$ 419,170	\$ 2,926,489

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures And Changes in Fund Balances of the Governmental Funds To the Statement of Activities

For the Year ended December 31, 2014 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds 333,779 Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital outlays 39,261 Depreciation expense (185,849)(146,588)The repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of government funds, however, this transaction has no effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effectof these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Decrease in compensated absences 1,790

188,981

The accompanying footnotes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Change in net position of governmental activities

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds

December 31, 2014

		Business-ty	pe Activ	vities - Enterpr	ise Fu	nds
	Tran	sfer Station	Re	ecreation		
	Fund			Fund		Total
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	29,945	\$	17,574	\$	47,519
Accounts receivable		4,558		-		4,558
Prepaid expenses		3,321		514		3,835
Land		291		6,036		6,327
Machinery and equipment		210,913		50,367		261,280
Accumulated depreciation		(158,730)		(28,683)		(187,413)
Total Assets		90,298		45,808		136,106
Liabilities						
Deposits payable		3,585		_		3,585
Total Liabilities		3,585		-		3,585
Net Position						
Unrestricted		86,713		45,808		132,521
Total Net Position	\$	86,713	\$	45,808	\$	132,521

Statement of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds

For the Year ended December 31, 2014

		ransfer tion Fund	R	ecreation Fund	Cı	Total urrent Year
Operating revenues Disposal fees	\$	114660	ď		Φ.	111.660
Campground fees	Ф	114,660	\$	25.450	\$	114,660
Total operating revenues		114,660		25,450		25,450
Total operating forenties		114,000		25,450		140,110
Operating expenses						
Payroll expenses		26,294		73		26,367
Insurance		1,032		121		1,153
Sanitation and maintenance expenses		61,605		13,884		75,489
Supplies		2,897		1,400		4,297
Depreciation		8,875		2,409		11,284
Miscellaneous		2,544		30		2,574
Total operating expenses		103,247		17,917		121,164
Increase (decrease) in net position		11,413		7,533		18,946
Net position at beginning of year		75,300		38,275		113,575
Net position at end of year	\$	86,713	\$	45,808	\$	132,521

Statement of Cash Flow Proprietary Funds

For the Year ended December 31, 2013

Cash flows from operating activities		Transfer Station Fund	Ro	ecreation Fund		Total
Cash received from customers	\$	113,426	\$	25,450	\$	120 07/
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	Ψ	(70,344)	Ф	(15,784)	Ф	138,876 (86,128)
Cash payments to employees for services		(24,331)		(13,764)		(24,331)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		18,751		9,666		28,417
		10,701		<u> </u>		20,417
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		18,751		9,666		28,417
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		11,194		7,908		19,102
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	29,945	\$	17,574	\$	47,519
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash Provided (used) by operating activities:						
Income (loss) from operations	\$	11,413	\$	7,533	\$	18,946
Adjustments to reconcile income (loss) from operations to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:		,		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	*	10,5 .0
Depreciation		8,875		2,409		11,284
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(3,019)		-		(3,019)
Increase (decrease) in deposits payable		1,785		-		1,785
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses		(303)		(151)		(454)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		-		(125)		(125)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	18,751	\$	9,666	\$	28,417

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds

December 31, 2014

	reasurer's ency Fund
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 190,265
Due to other governments	\$ 190,265

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2014

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting and reporting policies of the County reflected in the accompanying financial statements conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to state and local governments. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for local governments are those promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in Government Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards.

1. Reporting Entity

Primary Government

The County is a political subdivision organized under the statutes of the State of Colorado. The County is governed by a three-member elected Board of County Commissioners (the Board). There are also five other elected officials – assessor, clerk and recorder, sheriff, district attorney, and treasurer. The treasurer is also the County Public Trustee. The County provides a wide range of services to its residents including public safety, highways and streets, parks and open spaces, health and social services, public improvements, planning, zoning, and general administration.

Hinsdale County has no component units.

2. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. Government-wide statements report information on all of the activities of the County and its component units, except for County fiduciary activity. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, charges for services and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on user charges for support.

The statement of activities reflects the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include:

- Charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and
- Grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segments. Taxes and other items not properly included in program revenues are reported as general revenues.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2014

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES- CONTINUED

3. Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures, or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to, and accounted for, in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

All governmental funds are accounted for on a flow of current financial resources basis. Balance sheets for these funds generally include only current assets, current liabilities, and appropriate deferred inflows. Reported fund balances are considered a measure of available, spendable resources. Operating statements for these funds present a summary of available, spendable resources and expenditures for the period.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

- The General Fund is the general operating fund of the County. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- The Road and Bridge Fund is used to account for the maintenance and improvements of streets and highways. The sources of funds include property taxes, highway user fees, and other revenue sources.
- The Sheriff Fund is used to account for the provision of law enforcement for the County.

The Proprietary Funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting as follows:

- Revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recognized when the liabilities are incurred.
- Current-year contributions, administrative expenses, and premium payments, which are not received or paid until the subsequent year, are accrued.

Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements consist of the Trust and Agency Fund established to record transactions relating to assets held by the County in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, governmental entities, and non-public organizations. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement or results of operations.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2014

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES- CONTINUED

4. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the enterprise fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used by all governmental funds. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include: (1) principal and interest on general long-term debt, which is recognized when due and (2) compensated absences, which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available resources.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are interest revenue and charges for services. Entitlement revenues are not susceptible to accrual because, generally, they are not measurable until received. Grant revenues are recognized as they are earned.

5. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity

Cash

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments

Investments are stated at fair value based on quoted market values, with the exception of money market funds and external investments pools, which are stated at cost, which is equal to fair value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2014

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES- CONTINUED

5. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity - Continued

Property Taxes

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 each year. The taxes are payable in two installments on February 28 and June 15 or in full on April 30. The County Treasurer bills and collects all property taxes for the County. Property tax revenue is recognized by the County to the extent it results in a current receivable.

The 2014 property tax levy due January 1, 2015 has been recorded in the financial statements as receivable and corresponding deferred inflow in the financial statements.

Allowance for doubtful accounts

The allowance for doubtful accounts is based on the expected collectability of current receivable based on actual historical experience.

Interfund receivables and payables

Balances that originate from current lending/ borrowing arrangements between funds are referred to as "Due To/ From Other Funds."

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventory is valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or market. Inventory in the Special Revenue Funds consists of expendable supplies held for use. Reported inventories are reported as non-spendable fund balance, which indicates that they do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of net current assets. Inventory policy on government-wide statements is consistent with fund statements. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, equipment, construction in progress, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental activities columns in the Government-wide Financial Statements. The County defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and a life of more than one year. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2014

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES- CONTINUED

5. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity-Continued

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Building	40
Furniture & Fixtures	7
General Equipment	10
Vehicles	3-5

GASB Statement No. 34 requires the County to report and depreciate new infrastructure assets. Infrastructure assets include roads, bridges, underground pipe (other than related utilities), traffic signals, etc. Neither their historical cost nor related depreciation has historically been reported in the financial statements. There have been no additions to infrastructure assets since the implementation of GASB Statement No. 34.

Long-Term Obligations

Long-term debt and other long-term obligations are recorded as liabilities in the Government-wide Financial Statements. In the fund financial statements for governmental fund types, debt proceeds are reported as another financing source.

Compensated Absences

County policy allows employees to accumulate unused vacation and sick leave up to certain maximum hours. Retiring employees are paid 100% of unused vacation up to 240 hours, but are not paid for unused sick leave. The County has recorded the accrued liability for the accumulated vacation time as compensated absences in the accompanying financial statements.

Unearned Revenue

Revenues on grants, which are restricted by the grant document for specific purposes, are recognized as revenue only after eligible grant costs have been incurred. Grant funds received in excess of grant expenditures are recorded as unearned revenues.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2014

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES- CONTINUED

5. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity-Continued

Fund Equity

Beginning with fiscal year 2011 the Town implemented GASB Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions." This statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent. In the fund financial statements the following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraint.

Non-spendable fund balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid expense and inventory), or is legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted fund balance – The portion of fund balance constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as grantors or bondholders), constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance – The portion of fund balance constrained for specific purposes according to resolution passed by the County's highest level of decision making authority, the Board of County Commissioners, prior to the end of the current fiscal year. The constraint may be removed or changed only through resolution by the Board of County Commissioners. Commitments are created through adoption and subsequent amendment of the budget.

Assigned fund balance – The portion of fund balance set aside for planned or intended purposes. The intended use may be expressed by the Board of County Commissioners or other individuals authorized to assign funds to be used for a specific purpose.

Unassigned fund balance – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the above criteria. The County will only report a positive unassigned fund balance in the General Fund.

If both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is County policy to use restricted amounts first. Unrestricted fund balance will be used in the following order; committed, assigned and unassigned.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2014

NOTE B - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Hinsdale County follows the procedures set for them in the Colorado Local Government Budget Law when preparing the annual budget for each fund. Budget procedures include:

- Preparation of budget documents by administrative staff, which shall be submitted to the Board no later then October 15 of each year.
- Publication of a notice stating that the budget is available for public inspection.
- Discussion of the budget in a meeting open to the public.
- Adoption of the budget in a public meeting by appropriate resolution, no later than December 31.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device for all funds of the County. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

The total expenditures for each fund cannot exceed the budgeted amount unless a supplemental appropriation is adopted.

All budget amounts presented in the accompanying supplementary information reflect the original and final budget amounts.

NOTE C - CASH, DEPOSITS, AND INVESTMENTS

1. Cash and Deposits

Colorado State Statutes govern the County's deposits of cash. The statutes specify eligible depositories for public cash deposits, which must be Colorado institutions and must maintain federal insurance (FDIC) on deposits held.

The Colorado Public Deposit Protections Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposits in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized in accordance with the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2014

NOTE C - CASH, DEPOSITS, AND INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED

Custodial Credit Risk-Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of a depository institution, a government will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At December 31, 2014, \$2,217,821 was exposed to custodial credit risk. Deposits exposed to credit risk are collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions through PDPA.

2. <u>Investments</u>

The County's investments are subject to interest rate, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

The types of investments which are authorized to be made with County funds are controlled by state statute and the investment policies of the County. Colorado statutes and the County's investment policies specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which the County may invest:

- Obligations of the United States and certain U.S. Government agency securities
- Certain international agency securities
- General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- Commercial paper
- Local government investment pools
- Repurchase agreements
- Money market funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts
- Corporate or bank debt issued by eligible corporations or banks

Credit Risk

The County's investment policy calls for investment diversification within the portfolio to avoid unreasonable risk inherent in over investing in specific instruments, individual financial institutions or maturities. The County's investment policy allows for the County to invest in local government investment pools. As of December 31, 2014, the local government investment pool (ColoTrust) in which the County had invested, was rated AAA by Standard & Poor's.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2014

NOTE C - CASH, DEPOSITS, AND INVESTMENTS- CONTINUED

2. Investments- Continued

Cash in banks	\$	2,764,677
Cash on hand	•	1,625
Investments (ColoTrust)		6,277
Total cash, deposits, and investments: (Book Balance)		2,772,579
Less: amounts related to Trust & Agency Fund		(190,265)
Total cash, deposits, and investments on statement of net position	<u>\$</u>	2,582,314

Interest Rate Risk

Colorado Revised Statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less from date of purchase. This limit on investment maturities is a means of limiting exposure to fair values arising from increasing interest rates. The County has no investments with maturities past five years.

The Colorado Government Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST), is an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado pursuant to Part 7 of Article 75 of Title 24 of the Colorado Revised Statutes, to pool surplus funds for investment purposes. COLOTRUST operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1. The fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares. The designated custodial bank provides safekeeping and depository services in connection with the direct investment and withdrawal functions. Substantially all securities owned by the pool are held by the Federal Reserve Bank in the account maintained for the custodial bank. The custodian's internal records identify the investments owned by the pool. Investments of the pool consist of U.S. Treasury bills, notes and note strips and repurchased agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury notes.

NOTE D - INTERFUND ACTIVITY

The County reports interfund balances between many of its funds. The balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made. Interfund balances are generally expected to be repaid within one year of the financial statement date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2014

NOTE D – INTERFUND ACTIVITY – CONTINUED

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2014 are as follows:

	<u>Transfers In</u>		Tra	nsfers Out
General Fund	\$	17,750	\$	410,780
Sheriff Fund		300,000		_
Public Health Fund		50,000		_
Ambulance Fund		3,000		_
Human Services Fund		37,655		_
EMS Fund		20,000		_
Lodging Tax Fund		125		17,750
	\$	428,530	\$	428,530

NOTE E – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended December 31, 2014, was a follows:

	Restated			
	Balance			Balance
	December 31,			December 31,
	2013	Additions	Deletions	2014
GOVERNMENT ACTIVITIES				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 857,400	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 857,400
Total capital assets not being depreciated	857,400	_		857,400
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and Improvements	1,955,124	_	_	1,955,124
Machinery and Equipment	2,322,900	39,264	_	2,362,164
Vehicles	692,175	-	_	692,175
Total capital assets being depreciated	4,970,199	39,264		5,009,463
	1,5 . 0,222	07,20.		5,007,105
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	1,202,613	51,642	_	1,254,255
Machinery and Equipment	1,923,594	82,704	_	2,006,298
Vehicles	559,453	51,503	_	610,956
Total accumulated depreciation	3,685,660	185,849		3,871,509
1		100,019		5,071,505
Total Capital Assets being depreciated, ne	t1,284,539	(146,585)	_	1,137,954
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	1,501,000	(110,505)		1,157,754
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$ 2,141,939	\$ (146,585)	<u>\$</u>	\$ 1,995,354

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2014

NOTE E - CAPITAL ASSETS - CONTINUED

BUSINESS- TYPE ACTIVITIES				
Capital assets not be depreciated				
Land	\$ 6,327	\$ _	\$ -	\$ 6,327
Total capital assets not be depreciated	6,327	_		6,327
Capital assets being depreciated	•			
Equipment	261,280		_	261,280
Total capital assets being depreciated	261,280		_	261,280
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Equipment	176,129	11,284		187,413
Capital assets being depreciated, net	85,151	(11,284)		73,867
BUSINESS- TYPE ACTIVITIES				
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	<u>\$ 91,478</u>	\$ (11,284)	\$	\$ 80,194

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/ programs of the primary government as follows:

General Government	\$ 62,868
Public Safety	37,629
Health and Welfare	1,250
Highways and Streets	84,102
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	\$ 185,849

NOTE F - LONG- TERM DEBT

Long- term liability balances for the year ended December 31, 2014 were as follows:

	Balance December 31,	Balance Due December 31, Within
Governmental Activities:	2013 Additions Deletions	2014 One Year
Compensated Absences Total Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 75,106</u> <u>\$ - \$ 1,790</u>	\$ 73,316 \$ 38,232
Long- term Liabilities	<u>\$ 75,106</u> <u>\$ - \$ 1,790</u>	<u>\$ 73,316</u> <u>\$ 38,232</u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2014

NOTE G - RETIREMENT

Pension Plans

The County is a member of the Colorado County Officials and Employees Retirement Association (COERA) which offers a defined contribution pension plan 401(a), and a Section 457 deferred compensation plan. COERA was organized in 1966 pursuant to state statutes, and includes counties, municipalities and special districts. Required contributions established by the governing board of the Association.

Defined Contribution Pension Plan

Under a defined contribution pension plan, the benefits a participant receives depend solely on the amount contributed to the participant's account plus the returns earned on investments of those contributions.

Participation is mandatory for all employees after one year of employment. Eligible employees contribute four percent (4%) of their base pay which is matched by the County. The plan has a five (5) year vesting period and is distributed upon the employee's termination or retirement. Two (2) additional voluntary plans are also offered. One plan provides for contributions up to ten percent (10%) of an employee's base pay while the other plan provides for deferred compensation in which the employee may tax shelter up to nineteen percent (19%) of their base pay.

During the year, the County's required and actual contributions amounted to \$50,202 which was four percent (4%) of its current year covered payroll of \$1,255,947. The County's total payroll for 2014 was \$1,515,204.

Deferred Compensation Plan

The County offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all County employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to those amounts, property, or rights are to be held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the plan participants and their beneficiaries.

The accrual basis of accounting is used for the plan. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenditures are recognized when incurred. Investments are recorded at market value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2014

The County has no liability for losses under the plan but does have the duty of due care what would be required of an ordinary prudent investor. The County does not administer the plan and is not the Trustee of the plan.

NOTE H - TABOR AMENDMENT RESERVE

Colorado voters passed an amendment to the State Constitution, Article X, Section 20, which has several limitations, including revenue raising, spending abilities, and other specific requirements of state and local governments. The amendment is complex and subject to judicial interpretation. The County believes it is in compliance with the requirements of the amendment.

Fiscal year spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's spending adjusted for inflation and local growth. The voters of the County have approved a measure that allows the County to retain and spend revenue in excess of the limit.

The amendment also requires that Emergency Reserves be established. These reserves must be at least 3 percent of fiscal year spending. The Emergency Reserve has been presented as restricted fund balance in the General fund. The County is not allowed to use the Emergency Reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

NOTE I – RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft or, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries commercial insurance.

The County mitigates risk through the following self- insurance pools:

Colorado Counties Casualty and Property Pool (CAPP)

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to property and casualty losses. The County joined together with other counties in the State of Colorado to form the Colorado Counties Casualty and Property Pool (CAPP), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for member counties. The County pays an annual contribution to CAPP for its property and casualty insurance coverage. The inter-governmental agreement of formation of CAPP provides that the pool will be financially self-sustaining though member contributions and additional assessments, if necessary, and the Pool will purchase excess insurance though commercial companies for members' claims in excess of a specified self-insured retention that is determined each policy year. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2014

NOTE I – RISK MANAGEMENT – CONTINUED

Colorado Workers' Compensation Pool (CWCP)

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to injuries of employees while on the job. The County has joined together with other counties in the State of Colorado to form the Colorado Workers' Compensation Pool (CWCP), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for member counties. The County pays an annual contribution to CWCP for its workers' compensation insurance coverage. The inter-governmental agreement of formation of CWCP provides that the pool will be financially self-sustaining though member contributions and additional assessments, if necessary, and the Pool will purchase excess insurance through commercial companies for members' claims in excess of a specified self- insured retention that is determined each policy year. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year of the three prior years.

NOTE J - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The County participates in a member of federal and state grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. The amount of expenditures, if any, which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time although the County expects any such amounts to be immaterial.

The County is a member of the Colorado Counties Casualty and Property Pool (CAPP) and the Colorado Workers' Compensation Pool (CWCP). CAPP and CWCP have a legal obligation for claims against its members to the extent that funds are available in their annually established loss funds and amounts are available from insurance providers under excess specific and aggregate insurance contracts. Losses incurred in excess of loss funds are direct liabilities of the participating members. CAPP and CWCP have indicated that the amount of any excess losses would be billed to members in proportion to their contributions in the year such excess occurs. The ultimate liability to the County resulting from claims not covered by CAPP and CWCP is not presently determinable.

NOTE K - PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

The County has posted a prior period adjustment in the Sheriff's fund to adjust for expenses that were recognized twice in the amount of \$8,703 and in the Road and Bridge fund to properly recognize HUTF revenue in the amount of \$31,267. These adjustment both increase fund balance in the respective funds by the amounts noted and increase beginning fund balance in the government wide statement of activities by \$39,970.

There was also a prior period adjustment to the government wide beginning net position for \$19,430 for a piece of equipment that should have been capitalized in 2013.

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Blances, Budget and Actual General Fund

For the Year ended December 31, 2014

	Budgete	d Amounts		Variance With Final Budget Positive
_	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 1,679,084	\$ 1,808,293	\$ 1,407,243	\$ (401,050)
Intergovernmental	744,064	865,950	756,761	(109,189)
Licenses and permits	32,675	32,675	-	(32,675)
Interest on investments	4,150	4,150	10,944	6,794
Charges for services	118,537	118,537	83,429	(35,108)
Miscellaneous	28,252	25,252	140,752	115,500
Total reveunues	2,606,762	2,854,857	2,399,129	(455,728)
Expenditures				
Current expenditures				
General government	2,397,779	2,296,848	1,709,807	587,042
Total expenditures	2,397,779	2,296,848	1,709,807	587,042
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	208,983	558,009	689,323	131,314
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfer in	37,750	37,750	_	(37,750)
Transfer out	(20,412)	(474,083)	(410,780)	63,303
Total other financing sources (uses)	17,338	(436,333)	(410,780)	25,553
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
expenditures and other sources (uses)	226,321	121,676	278,543	156,867
Beginning fund balance	1,451,695	1,451,695	1,451,695	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 1,678,016	\$ 1,573,371	\$ 1,730,238	\$ 156,867

The accompanying footnotes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Blances, Budget and Actual Road and Bridge Fund

For the Year ended December 31, 2014

Revenues	Budgete Original	d Amounts Final	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Taxes	\$ 21,231	\$ 21,231	\$ 21,399	\$ 168		
Intergovernmental	1,015,910	851,707	872,924	21,217		
Charges for services	159,500	159,500	159,162	(338)		
Reimbursement	47,523	47,523	49,267	1,744		
Miscellaneous			492	492		
Total reveunues	1,244,164	1,079,961	1,103,244	23,283		
Expenditures						
Current expenditures						
Highways and streets	1,161,032	1,156,479	1,095,558	(0.021		
Capital outlay	65,000	20,308	14,625	60,921		
Total expenditures	1,226,032	1,176,787	1,110,183	5,683		
		1,170,707	1,110,165	66,604		
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	18,132	(96,826)	(6,939)	89,887		
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfer in	49,261	_				
Total other financing sources (uses)	49,261			-		
• , ,						
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
expenditures and other sources (uses)	67,393	(96,826)	(6,939)	89,887		
Fund balance at beginning of year	558,985	558,985	558,985	_		
Prior period adjustment	31,267	31,267	31,267	_		
Fund balance at beginning of year, restated	590,252	590,252	590,252			
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 657,645	\$ 493,426	\$ 583,313	\$ 89,887		

The accompanying footnotes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Blances, Budget and Actual Sheriff Fund

For the Year ended December 31, 2014

Revenues	Budgete Original	ed Amounts Final	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Taxes	\$ -	ф 01 7				
Intergovernmental	ъ - 69,098	\$ 917	\$ 1,269	\$ 352		
Charges for services	•	119,598	91,655	(27,943)		
Reimbursement	2,500	3,732	1,618	(2,114)		
Miscellaneous	22,120	21,000	18,687	(2,313)		
Total revenues	4,000	9,850	12,369	2,519		
Total reveniues	97,718	155,097	125,598	(29,499)		
Expenditures						
Current expenditures						
Public safety	447,597	166 502	40.4.10=			
Capital outlay	447,397	466,592	434,187	32,405		
Total expenditures	447.507	50,000	22,455	27,545		
Total expenditures	447,597	516,592	456,642	59,950		
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	(349,879)	(361,495)	(331,044)	30,451		
Other financing sources						
Transfers in	315,296	315,296	300,000	(15.206)		
Total other financing sources	315,296	315,296	300,000	(15,296)		
		313,270	300,000	(15,296)		
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures and						
other financing sources	(34,583)	(46,199)	(31,044)	15,155		
Fund balance at beginning of year	198,359	198,359	198,359	_		
Prior period adjustment	8,703	8,703	8,703	_		
Fund balance at beginning of year, restated	207,061	207,061	207,061			
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 172,478	\$ 160,862	\$ 176,017	\$ 15,155		

The accompanying footnotes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds

December 31, 2014

Assets	Title III Fund	Public Health Fund	Human Services Fund	Lodging Tax Fund	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 126,507	\$ 87,484	\$ 66,270	\$ 60,488	
Accounts receivable	\$ 120,507	28,922	\$ 00,270	\$ 60,488	
Intergovernmental	_	20,722	_	-	
Property taxes receivable	-	-			
Prepaid expenses	_	1,559	2	_	
Inventory	_	-,	_	_	
Total assets	126,507	117,965	66,270	60,488	
Liabilities					
Unearned revenue	125,712	-	-	-	
Accounts payable	-	1,109	8,769	_	
Total liabilities	125,712	1,109	8,769	<u> </u>	
Deferred inflows					
Property taxes	-	-	-	•	
Fund Balance					
Nonspendable					
Prepaid expenses	-	1,559		2	
Inventory	Ë	-	-	-	
Restricted					
Human services	2	-	57,501	-	
Marketing and advertising	*	700	-	60,488	
Open space	2	-		-	
Retirement	2	(50)	-	=	
Snow grooming	-	ω:	-	2	
Schools and roads	795				
Emergency medical services	-	-	-	12	
Public Health		115,297	98	100	
Assigned					
Ambulance replacement			_	-	
Total Fund Balances	\$ 795	\$ 116,856	\$ 57,501	\$ 60,488	

Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds

December 31, 2014

Rep	nbulance placement Fund	Conservation Trust Fund		Ro	Retirement Fund		Snow cooming Fund		EMS Fund		Total on-Major vernmental Funds
\$	62,298	\$	10,493	\$	59,916	\$	6,109	\$	6,662	\$	486,227
	-	·	-	-	-		_		-	_	28,922
	-		-		-		10,800		8,746		19,546
	-		-		55,594		-		-		55,594
	-		-		-		3,390		4,071		9,020
	-		_						16,025		16,025
	62,298		10,493		115,510		20,299		35,504	-	615,334
											105 710
	(-)		-		-		9		4.071		125,712
			-				9		4,971 4,971		14,858 140,570
•			-		<u>-</u>				4,971		140,370
	-	-	-		55,594		_	<u></u>	-		55,594
							3,390		4,071		9,020
	-		-		-		3,390		16,025		16,025
			o.e.		-		_		-		57,501
	-		-		-		-		-		60,488
	-		10,493		-		-		-		10,493
	-		-		59,916		-		-		59,916
			-		-		16,900		-		16,900
	-		-		5 4 0		-		-		795
	-		85		7.0		-		10,437		10,437
	20		12		100		-		-		115,297
	62,298		-				<u>-</u>		-		62,298
\$	62,298	\$	10,493	\$	59,916	\$	20,290	\$	30,533	\$	419,170

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances, Non-Major Governmental Funds

D.	Title III Fund		Public Health Fund		Human Services Fund		Lodging Tax Fund	
Revenues	Φ.		Φ	60	•	4.5		
Taxes	\$	160.017	\$	68	\$	45	\$	66,627
Intergovernmental revenue		169,017		131,727		-		-
Charges for services		-		26,430		8 5 8		-
Miscellaneous		448		6,063				-
Total revenues		169,465		164,288		45		66,627
Expenditures Current expenditures General government		-		_		-		5.
Health and welfare		-		212,170		8,671		-
Culture and recreation		168,760		-		-		-
Total expenditures		168,760		212,170		8,671		_
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures		705		(47,882)		(8,626)		66,627
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in		_		50,000		37,655		125
Transfers (out)		-		_		_		(17,750)
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		50,000		37,655		(17,625)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures								
and other sources (uses)		705		2,118		29,029		49,002
Fund balance at beginning of year		90		114,738		28,472		11,486
Fund balance at end of year	\$	795	\$	116,856	\$	57,501	\$	60,488

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances, Non-Major Governmental Funds

Ambulance Co Replacement Fund		Т	Conservation Trust Retirement Fund Fund		(Snow Grooming Fund	 EMS Fund		Total Non-Major overnmental Funds	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	50,713	\$	_	\$ 45	\$	117,498
	-		3,945		-		20,950	71,961	•	397,600
	-		-		-		_	79,899		106,329
	1,621				1,265		20,291	13,538		43,226
	1,621		3,945		51,978		41,241	165,443	-	664,653
	1,621		3,945		52,369		39,704 39,704	 200,540		52,369 421,381 208,464 682,214
			3,943		(391)		1,537	(35,097)		(17,561)
	3,000		-		-		-	20,000		110,780
	2.000				-			 		(17,750)
	3,000						-	 20,000		93,030
	4,621 57,677		3,945 6,548	W-0-2-	(391)		1,537	 (15,097) 45,630		75,469 343,701
\$	62,298	\$	10,493	\$	59,916	\$	20,290	\$ 30,533	\$	419,170

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances, Budget and Actual - Title III

Revenues	Budgeted Original	l Amounts Final	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Intergovernmental revenue	\$ 320,112	\$ 320,112	160.017	¢ (151,005)
Interest on investments	- 520,112	Φ 520,112	169,017 448	\$ (151,095)
Total revenues	320,112	320,112	169,465	(150,647)
Expenditures Culture and recreation				(130,047)
Total expenditures	18,059	169,285	168,760	525
Total experiences	18,059	169,285	168,760	525
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	302,053	150,827	705	(151,172)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers out	(23,874)	(151,226)	_	151,226
Total other financing sources (uses)	(23,874)	(151,226)	-	151,226
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures and other financing sources and (uses)	278,179	(399)	705	
g (acce)	270,177	(377)	703	54
Fund balance at beginning of year	90	90	90	-
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 278,269	\$ (309)	\$ 795	\$ 54

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Blances Budget and Actual - Public Health Fund

	Budgete Original	d Amounts Final	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ -	\$ 54	\$ 68	\$ 14
Intergovernmental	125,908	125,908	131,727	5,819
Charges for services	22,186	28,726	26,430	(2,296)
Miscellaneous	7,545	7,545	6,063	(1,482)
Total revenues	155,639	162,233	164,288	2,055
Expenditures				
Health and welfare	207,236	225,141	212,170	12,971
Total expenditures	207,236	225,141	212,170	12,971
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	(51,597)	(62,908)	(47,882)	15,026
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfer in	50,000	50,000	50,000	_
Total other financing sources (uses)	50,000	50,000	50,000	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
expenditures and other sources (uses)	(1,597)	(12,908)	2,118	15,026
Fund balance at beginning of year	114,738	114,738	114,738	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 113,141	\$ 101,830	\$ 116,856	\$ 15,026

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances, Budget and Actual - Human Services Fund

		Budgete	d Amo	ounts			Fin	ance With al Budget Positive
	Oı	riginal		Final		Actual		egative)
Revenues								3
General property taxes	\$	-	\$	15	\$	29	\$	14
Delinquent taxes and interest		-		5		16		11
Total revenues				20		45		25
Expenditures								
Health and welfare		35,800		35,800		8,671		27,129
Total expenditures		35,800		35,800		8,671		27,129
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	((35,800)		(35,780)		(8,626)		27,154
Other financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers In		37,655		37,655		37,655		_
Total other financing sources (uses)		37,655		37,655		37,655		_
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures								
and other sources (uses)		1,855		1,875		29,029		27,154
Fund balance at beginning of year		28,472		28,472		28,472		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	30,327	\$	30,347	\$	57,501	\$	27,154

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances, Budget and Actual - Lodging Tax Fund

	Budgete	d Amounts		Variance With Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues				
Lodging tax	\$ 55,000	\$ 55,000	\$ 66,627	\$ 11,627
Total revenues	55,000	55,000	66,627	11,627
Expenditures				
Culture and recreation	54,500	54,500	-	54,500
Total expenditures	54,500	54,500	_	54,500
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	500	500	66,627	66,127
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfer out			(17,625)	(17,625)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
expenditures and other sources (uses)	500	500	49,002	48,502
Fund balance at beginning of year	11,486	11,486	11,486	-
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 11,986	\$ 11,986	\$ 60,488	\$ 66,127

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances, Budget and Actual - Ambulance Replacement Fund

	Budgeted Amounts						Fina	nce With Budget ositive
		Original		Final	Actual		(Ne	gative)
Revenues								
Interest Income	\$	150	\$	50	\$	1,621	\$	1,571
Total revenues		150		50		1,621		1,571
Expenditures								
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures		150		50		1,621		1,571
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in (out)		3,000		3,000		3,000		_
Total other financing sources (uses)		3,000		3,000		3,000		_
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures								
and other sources (uses)		3,150		3,050		4,621		1,571
Fund balance at beginning of year		57,677		57,677		57,677		_
Fund balance at end of year	\$	60,827	\$	60,727	\$	62,298	\$	1,571

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances, Budget and Actual - Conservation Trust Fund

		d Amounts		Variance With Final Budget Positive
Revenues	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Intergovernamental revenue Total Revenues	\$ 4,500 4,500	\$ 4,500 4,500	\$ 3,945 3,945	\$ (555) (555)
Expenditures			-	
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	4,500	4,500	3,945	(555)
Fund balance at beginning of year	6,548	6,548	6,548	-
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 11,048	\$ 11,048	\$ 10,493	\$ (555)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances, Budget and Actual - Retirement Fund

Revenues Taxes	Budgeted Amounts Original Final		Actual		Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
General property taxes Specific ownership taxes Delinquent taxes and interest Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$	46,980 2,819 470 5,861 56,130	\$ 46,980 3,000 300 1,466 51,746	\$	46,867 3,544 302 1,265 51,978	\$	(113) 544 2 (201) 232
Expenditures		55,837	 52,845		52,369		476
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures		293	(1,099)		(391)		708
Fund balance at beginning of year		60,307	 60,307		60,307		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	60,600	\$ 59,208	\$	59,916	\$	708

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances, Budget and Actual - Snow Grooming Fund

	 Budgete	d Amo	unts			Fina	ance With al Budget ositive
	 Original		Final		Actual	(N	egative)
Revenues							
Trail maintenance fees	\$ 24,000	\$	25,172	\$	20,950	\$	(4,222)
Interest income	50		3		3		_
Miscellaneous sources	5,000		7,500		20,288		12,788
Total revenues	29,050		32,675		41,241		8,566
Expenditures	 31,873		39,647		39,704	_	(57)
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	(2,823)		(6,972)		1,537		8,509
Fund balance at beginning of year	 18,753		18,753	_	18,753		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 21,930	\$	18,781	\$	20,290	\$	1,509

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances, Budget and Actual - Emergency Medical Services Fund

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final		Actual		Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
Revenues								
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	30	\$	38	\$	8
Specific ownership taxes		-		2		-		(2)
Interest & penalties on taxes		-		3		7		4
Grant revenue		8,800		63,551		56,961		(6,590)
Intergovernmental subsidy	1	5,000		15,000		15,000		-
Donations		3,000		3,500		13,388		9,888
Charges for services, net	6	0,000		50,000		79,899		29,899
Miscellaneous sources		-		2,190		150		(2,040)
Total revenues	110	6,800		134,276	1	65,443		31,167
Expenditures	14	4,726		170,746	I	69,163		1,583
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	(2)	7,926)		(36,470)		(3,720)		32,750
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in	3(0,000		36,500		20,000		(16,500)
Net position at end of year, GAAP basis		0,000		36,500		20,000		(16,500)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures								
and other sources (uses)	2	2,074		30		16,280		16,250
Fund balance at beginning of year	45	5,630	-	45,630		45,630		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 47	7,704	\$	45,660		61,910	\$	16,250
Reconciliation to GAAP basis:								
Bad debts expense and contractual allowance					(31,377)		
Net position at end of year, GAAP basis					\$	30,533		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Net Position, Budget and Actual - Transfer Station Fund

Operating revenues	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Operating revenues: Disposal fees	\$ 120,100	\$ 114,125	\$ 114,660	\$ 535
Total revenue	120,100	114,125	114,660	535
Operating expenses:				
Operating expenses	106,300	99,730	94,372	5,358
Total expenses	106,300	99,730	94,372	5,358
Change in net position	13,800	14,395	20,288	5,893
Net position at beginning of year	75,300	75,300	75,300	
Net position at end of year, budget basis	\$ 89,100	\$ 89,695	95,588	\$ 5,893
Reconciliation to GAAP basis:				
Depreciation expense			(8,875)	
Net position at end of year, GAAP basis			\$ 86,713	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Net Position - Budget and Actual Recreation Fund

	Budgete Original	d Amounts Final	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Operating revenues:				
Recreation fees	\$ 24,820	\$ 25,945	\$ 25,450	\$ 630
Total revenues	24,820	25,945	25,450	630
Operating expenses Total expenses	24,765 24,765	17,097 17,097	15,508 15,508	1,589 1,589
Change in net position	55	8,848	9,942	(959)
Net position at beginning of year	38,275	38,275	38,275	
Net position at end of year, budget basis	\$ 38,330	\$ 47,123	48,217	\$ 1,094
Reconciliation to GAAP basis:				
Depreciation expense			(2,409)	
Net position at end of year, GAAP basis			\$ 45,808	

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

For the year ended December 31, 2014

Department of Agriculture		
Passed through Colorado Department of Local Affairs		
Schools and Roads - Grants to States	10.665	
Title I		302,451
Title II		5,107
Title III		17,791
Total School and Roads - Grants to States	_	325,349
Total Department of Agriculture		325,349
Department of Health and Human Services		
Passed through the Colorado Department of Human Services		
Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	1,894
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the		-,
Child Care and Development Fund	93.596	30,939
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	107
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	1,647
Adoption Assistance	93.659	313
Child Support Enforcement	93.563	11
Foster Care_ Title IV-E	93.658	7,124
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	6,841
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	1,994
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645	24
Total passed through the Colorado Department of		
Human Services		50,894
Passed through the Colorado Department of Public Health		
and Environment		
Hospital Preparedness Program and Public Health		
Emergency Preparedness Aligned Cooperative		
Agreements	93.074	14,382
Department of the Interior Bureau of Land Management		
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	15.226	140,616
Department of Justice		110,010
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	12,462
Department of Homeland Security		
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	17,700
Total federal award expenditures	\$	561,404
	-	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Year Ended December 31, 2014

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Accounting

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of Hinsdale County, Colorado and is presented on the modified accrual basis. Expenditures are recognized when they become a demand on current available financial resources. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-profit Organizations. Therefore, some amounts in this schedule may differ from the amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of the basic financial statements.

NOTE B – REPORTING ENTITY

The financial reporting entity consists of Hinsdale County, Colorado (the County) as the primary government.

NOTE C - PASS-THROUGH AWARDS

The County receives certain federal monies as pass-through awards from the State of Colorado. The amounts received are commingled by the State of Colorado with other funds. Only the federal amount of such pass-through awards is included in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

NOTE D - CLUSTERS

The following programs are reported as clusters:

Program Title	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>		Amount
CCDF Cluster			
Childcare and Development Block Grant	93.575	\$	1,894
Childcare Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Childcare Development Fund	02.506		20.020
Total CCDF Cluster	93.596	\$	30,939 32,833
		<u>v</u>	22,022

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Year Ended December 31, 2014

NOTE E – CONTRACT WITH OTHER GOVERNMENT

Hinsdale County contracts with Gunnison County to provide services under the programs provided by the Department of Human Services grants listed below.

Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	\$	1,894
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care		-	-,
And Development Fund	93.596		30,939
Medical Assistance Program	93.778		107
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558		1,647
Adoption Assistance	93.659		313
Child Support Enforcement	93.563		11
Foster Care _Tile IV-E	93.658		7,124
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568		6,841
Social Services Block Grant	93.667		1,994
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645		24
Total programs administered by Gunnison County		\$	50,894

These balances are not reported in the financial statements for Hinsdale County since the funds are passed through to Gunnison County.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMEDIN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

October 5, 2015

To the Board of County Commissioners Hinsdale County, Colorado

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hinsdale County, Colorado, as of and for the year ended December, 31 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Hinsdale County, Colorado's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 5, 2015.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Hinsdale County, Colorado's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Hinsdale County, Colorado's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Hinsdale County, Colorado's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs to be material weaknesses. The findings are listed as 2014-001 and 2014-002.

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Hinsdale County, Colorado's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the

Board of County Commissioners October 5, 2015 Page 2



determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Hinsdale County, Colorado's Response to Findings

Hinsdale County, Colorado's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Hinsdale County, Colorado's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Chaduiett, Milliache, Dawis Co., P. C.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

October 5, 2015

To the Board of County Commissioners Hinsdale County, Colorado

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Hinsdale County, Colorado's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Hinsdale County, Colorado's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2014. Hinsdale County, Colorado's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Hinsdale County, Colorado's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Hinsdale County, Colorado's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Hinsdale County, Colorado's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Hinsdale County, Colorado's, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2014.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of Hinsdale County, Colorado's, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Hinsdale County, Colorado's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in

Board of County Commissioners October 5, 2015 Page 2



accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Hinsdale County, Colorado's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

hadwiell, Stillische, Davis & Co., P. C.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Year ended December 31, 2014

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements Type of auditor's report issued: Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified?		<u>Unqualified Opinion</u> ✓ yes no				
Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material weaknesses?		yes	_ ✓	none reported		
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		yes		no		
Federal Awards						
Internal Control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material weaknesses?		yes yes	✓ ✓	no none reported		
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:		<u>Unqualit</u>	fied Opinion			
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Circular A-133, Section .510(a)? Identification of major programs:		yes		no		
CFDA Number(s) Name of Federal Program or Cluster						
10.665 Schools and Roads – Grants to States						
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$300,000					
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		yes		no		

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - CONTINUED

Year ended December 31, 2014

SECTION II – FINDINGS UNDER GENERALLY ACCEPTED GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

2014-001

Material weakness in internal control over financial reporting

Criteria

Proper internal controls as defined by the COSO Integrated Framework dictate that there should be adequate segregation of duties between those who have authority to approve transactions, those who have custody of assets and those who account for the operations of the entity.

Condition

The small staff at Hinsdale County hinders the achievement of adequate segregation of duties. As a result there were multiple adjustments to the general ledger at the end of the year to properly state the financial statements. During the audit CSD selected one month during the year and traced checks and deposits from the bank statements to the general ledger. There was information on the statement that we were unable to trace to the general ledger detail and there was nobody working at the time in the County who could trace this information. This is a result of having one individual with the responsibility for receiving and depositing funds, recording those deposits and reconciling bank statements to the general ledger.

Audit work also revealed that the Treasurer has access to check stock, has the ability to sign checks on the County's operating account and also reconciles the bank statements. Furthermore at the time of fieldwork there is no monitoring or oversight of the Treasurer's accounting activities.

Cause

There is a lack of segregation of duties in the County's Finance department and Treasurer's office related to authority, custody and accounting of operations.

Effect

The lack of segregation of duties increases the risk that the financial statements are misstated due to errors or fraud.

Recommendation

We recommend that a regular review process is established by the County finance department to review and approve all journal entry activity and reconciliations performed in the finance department and that the Treasurer's office also institute procedures to allow for review of reconciliations and journal entries that are posted. There should also be sufficient cross-training to allow for another individual to step in and take over the duties of each position in finance and the Treasurer's office to maintain continuity of the financial recording and reporting process if necessary.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - CONTINUED

Year ended December 31, 2014

2014-001 - Continued

County Response

A Deputy Treasurer was hired in 2014 to provide for segregation of duties. As of the end of September, the Deputy Treasurer was appointed by the Board of County Commissioners due to the death of the County Treasurer. The process for deposit entry has been changed to allow for tracking from the General Ledger directly to deposits on the bank statement. Since the end of 2014, deposits can be tracked directly to the bank statements.

A new Deputy Treasurer was hired in August of 2015. He is being cross trained on payroll in the Administrative Office, and all Treasurer duties. The administrative assistant has been cross-trained on accounts payable since being hired in April of 2015.

2014-002

Material weakness in internal control over financial reporting

Criteria

The County should have someone on staff or provide the training so that a member of the County's finance staff has the knowledge and tools necessary to prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Condition

The County currently does not have the ability to prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Cause

The County does not currently have finance staff with the training to compile a set of financial statements in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principals as applied to local governments.

Effect

This increases the risk that the financial statements could be materially misstated and such misstatements could go undetected.

Recommendation

The County should acquire the knowledge to be able to prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles or contract with a professional who can provide this service.

County Response

The accounts receivable module was added to our fundware in February of 2015. The administrative assistant and accounting position both know how to use this program.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – CONTINUED

Year ended December 31, 2014

SECTION III – FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS UNDER OMB CIRCULAR A-133

No findings or questioned costs under OMB Circular -133 in the current year.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

Year ended December 31, 2014

2013-01

Material Weakness

Condition

The small staff at Hinsdale County did not allow for a proper segregation of duties and there was lack of a review and monitoring process over the financial accounting and reporting function. Additionally, there was no review and approval of journal entries posted to the general ledger.

Status of finding

Not corrected.

Comments

The finding has been reported in the current year as 2014-001. The County did implement some internal controls related to printing out and reviewing journal entries but there were still significant numbers of journal entries that were reviewed that resulted in audit adjustments for the year ended December 31, 2014.

2013-02

Material Weakness

Condition

The County currently does not have the ability to prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Status of finding

Not corrected.

Comment

This finding has been reported again as 2014-002.

2013-003

Significant deficiency in internal control over inventory

Condition

The County performed the inventory for Road and Bridge after the end of the year and costs used to value inventory appeared inconsistent and were missing information.

Status of finding

Resolved

Comment

The County performed inventory counts soon after the end of the year ended December 31, 2014.

1			City on County	
			City or County:	37
LOCAL HIGHWAY	FINANCE REPORT		HINSDALE COUNT	Y
			YEAR ENDING:	
This Information From The Records Of (example	City of or County of	Prepared By:	December 2014 Lynn Olson, Accounti	
COUNTY OF HINSDALE	, <u>_</u> , o.	Phone:	970-944-2225	ng
I. DISPOSITION OF HIGHWAY-US	ER REVENUES AVA	ILABLE FOR LOCA	L GOVERNMENT EX	PENNITUDE
				I DIVIDITORE
ITPM	A. Local	B. Local	C. Receipts from	D. Receipts from
ITEM	Motor-Fuel	Motor-Vehicle	State Highway-	Federal Highway
1 Total receipts available	Taxes	Taxes	User Taxes	Administration
1. Total receipts available				11 dillillisti ativii
2. Minus amount used for collection expenses				
3. Minus amount used for nonhighway purposes				
4. Minus amount used for mass transit				
5. Remainder used for highway purposes				
II DECEMPE EOD DOAD AND CODE				
II. RECEIPTS FOR ROAD AND STRE	ET PURPOSES	III. D	ISBURSEMENTS FOI	R ROAD
ITCM		A	AND STREET PURPO	SES
A Position 6	AMOUNT	IT	`EM	AMOUNT
A. Receipts from local sources:		A. Local highway dis	bursements:	711100111
Local highway-user taxes		1. Capital outlay (f	rom page 2)	0
a. Motor Fuel (from Item I.A.5.)		2. Maintenance:	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	639,281
b. Motor Vehicle (from Item I.B.5.)		3. Road and street:	services:	039,281
c. Total (a.+b.)		a. Traffic contro	ol operations	89,340
2. General fund appropriations	0	b. Snow and ice	removal	69,788
3. Other local imposts (from page 2)	21,274	c. Other		40,340
4. Miscellaneous local receipts (from page 2)	160,200	d. Total (a. thro	ugh c.)	199,468
5. Transfers from toll facilities	0	 General administ 	ration & miscellaneous	276,152
6. Proceeds of sale of bonds and notes:		Highway law ent	forcement and safety	0
a. Bonds - Original Issues	0	6. Total (1 through	5)	1,114,900
b. Bonds - Refunding Issues	0	B. Debt service on loc	cal obligations:	1,114,500
c. Notes	0	1. Bonds:		
d. Total (a. + b. + c.)	0	a. Interest		0
7. Total (1 through 6)	181,474	b. Redemption		0
3. Private Contributions	0	c. Total (a. + b.)		0
C. Receipts from State government		2. Notes:		U U
(from page 2)	716,492	a. Interest		0
D. Receipts from Federal Government		b. Redemption		0
(from page 2)	205,278	c. Total (a. + b.)		0
C. Total receipts (A.7 + B + C + D)	1,103,243	3. Total $(1.c + 2.c)$		0
		C. Payments to State	for highways	0
		D. Payments to toll fa	cilities	0
		E. Total disbursemen	ts (A.6 + B.3 + C + D)	1,114,900
				1,111,500
I	V. LOCAL HIGHWA	AY DEBT STATUS		
	(Show all entr			
Pands (Total)	Opening Debt	Amount Issued	Redemptions	Closing Debt
Bonds (Total)				0
Bonds (Refunding Portion) Notes (Total)				
. Hotes (Total)				0
V IO	041 DO (D) () = ===			
V. LOC	CAL ROAD AND STR	REET FUND BALANC	CE	
A Decimina Data	D 77 - 17			
A. Beginning Balance	B. Total Receipts	C. Total Disbursements	D. Ending Balance	E. Reconciliation
otes and Comments:	1,103,243	1,114,900		377,316
ores and Comments.				
				[
				1
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1

LOCAL HIGHWAY FINANCE REPORT

STATE:

Colorado YEAR ENDING (mm/yy): December 2014

II. RECEIPTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES - DETAIL

ITEM	AMOUNT				
A.3. Other local imposts:	TO SERVICE DE LA TRAIN				
a. Property Taxes and Assessments	19,778				
b. Other local imposts:					
Sales Taxes	0				
2. Infrastructure & Impact Fees	0				
3. Liens	0				
4. Licenses	0				
5. Specific Ownership &/or Other	1,496				
6. Total (1. through 5.)	1,496				
c. Total (a. + b.)	21,274				
	(Carry forward to page 1)				

	ITEM	AMOUNT	
A	.4. Miscellaneous local receipts:		
(19,778)	a. Interest on investments	125	
_	b. Traffic Fines & Penalities	0	
	c. Parking Garage Fees	0	
	d. Parking Meter Fees	0	
	e. Sale of Surplus Property	800	
	f. Charges for Services	156,362	
(1,496)	g. Other Misc. Receipts	2,913.00	
	h. Other	0	
_	i. Total (a. through h.)	160,200	
E3		(Carry forward to page 1)	

ITEM	AMOUNT	
C. Receipts from State Government	TO THE PART HER PART AND THE	
Highway-user taxes	711,799	
State general funds	Mark Teres (1854)	
Other State funds:		
State bond proceeds		
b. Project Match		
c. Motor Vehicle Registrations	0	
d. Other (Specify) - MSVA TAX	4,693	
e. Other (Specify)		
f. Total (a. through e.)	4,693	
4. Total (1. + 2. + 3.f)	716,492	

	ITEM	AMOUNT	
_	D. Receipts from Federal Government	and the limit of the same	
(711,799)	1. FHWA (from Item I.D.5.)		
	Other Federal agencies:	EXCEPTION OF THE	
	a. Forest Service	156,332	
	b. FEMA		
	c. HUD		
_	d. Federal Transit Admin		
(4,693)	e. U.S. Corps of Engineers		
	f. Other Federal	48,945	
	g. Total (a. through f.)	205,278	
	3. Total (1. + 2.g)	FSMall Tomos William	
	THE SECURITY STREET, S	(Carry forward to page 1)	

III. DISBURSEMENTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES - DETAIL

	ON NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM (a)	OFF NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM (b)	TOTAL
A.1. Capital outlay:	(u)		(c)
a. Right-Of-Way Costs			
b. Engineering Costs			0
c. Construction:	All the second sections		
(1). New Facilities			
(2). Capacity Improvements			i i
(3). System Preservation			0
(4). System Enhancement & Operation			0
(5). Total Construction $(1) + (2) + (3) + (4)$	0	0	- ŏ
d. Total Capital Outlay (Lines 1.a. + 1.b. + 1.c.5)	0	0	0
			(Carry forward to page 1)

Notes and Comments:

FORM FHWA-536 (Rev.1-05)

PREVIOUS EDITIONS OBSOLETE